

Properties of Trig Functions: Period, Odd/Even.

1. Use the unit circle and **periodic properties** of trig functions to find exact values of the following. In each case, break the angle into period and a remainder.

(a) $\cos \frac{15\pi}{4} = \cos \frac{7\pi}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$$\frac{15\pi}{4} = 2\pi + \frac{7\pi}{4}$$

(b) $\sin \frac{16\pi}{3} = \sin \frac{4\pi}{3} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$$\frac{16\pi}{3} = 4\pi + \frac{4\pi}{3}$$

(c) $\csc \frac{43\pi}{6} = \csc \frac{11\pi}{6} = -2$

$$\frac{43\pi}{6} = 6\pi + \frac{11\pi}{6}$$

$$\tan \frac{15\pi}{4} = \tan \frac{7\pi}{4} = -1$$

$$\frac{15\pi}{4} = 3\pi + \frac{7\pi}{4}$$

$$\cot \frac{16\pi}{3} = \cot \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$\frac{16\pi}{3} = 5\pi + \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$\tan \frac{43\pi}{6} = \tan \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$\frac{43\pi}{6} = 7\pi + \frac{\pi}{6}$$

2. Use the unit circle and **even or odd properties** of trig functions to find values of the following.

(a) $\sin(-\frac{\pi}{3}) = -\sin(\frac{\pi}{3}) = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

(b) $\cos(-150^\circ) = \cos(150^\circ) = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

(c) $\sec(-\frac{\pi}{6}) = \sec(\frac{\pi}{6}) = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$

(d) $\tan(-135^\circ) = -\tan(135^\circ) = -(-1) = 1$

(e) $\cot(-90^\circ) = -\cot(90^\circ) = -0 = 0$

(f) $\csc(-\frac{5\pi}{4}) = -\csc(\frac{5\pi}{4}) = -(-\sqrt{2}) = \sqrt{2}$

3. First, use **even or odd** properties, and then **periodic** properties to find the values of the following:

$$\sin(-\frac{17\pi}{4}) = -\sin(\frac{17\pi}{4}) = -\sin(\frac{\pi}{4}) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\cos(-495^\circ) = \cos(495^\circ) = \cos(135^\circ) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$495^\circ = 360^\circ + 135^\circ$

$$\cot(-\frac{11\pi}{3}) = -\cot(\frac{11\pi}{3}) = -\cot(\frac{5\pi}{3}) = -(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$\frac{11\pi}{3} = 3\pi + \frac{5\pi}{3}$

$$\csc(-\frac{29\pi}{6}) = -\csc(\frac{29\pi}{6}) = -\csc(\frac{5\pi}{6}) = -2$$

$\frac{29\pi}{6} = 4\pi + \frac{5\pi}{6}$