

Reciprocal Identities

$$\begin{aligned} \sin \theta &= \frac{1}{\csc \theta} & \csc \theta &= \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \\ \cos \theta &= \frac{1}{\sec \theta} & \sec \theta &= \frac{1}{\cos \theta} \\ \tan \theta &= \frac{1}{\cot \theta} & \cot \theta &= \frac{1}{\tan \theta} \end{aligned}$$

Quotient Identities

$$\begin{aligned} \tan \theta &= \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} \\ \cot \theta &= \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} \end{aligned}$$

Pythagorean Identities

$$\begin{aligned} \sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta &= 1 \\ 1 + \tan^2 \theta &= \sec^2 \theta \\ 1 + \cot^2 \theta &= \csc^2 \theta \end{aligned}$$

1. Use the **reciprocal** and **quotient** trig identities to evaluate the remaining trigonometric functions.

a. $\tan x = \frac{7}{24}, \sec x = \frac{25}{24}$.

$$\cot x = \frac{1}{\tan x} = \frac{24}{7}$$

$$\cos x = \frac{1}{\sec x} = \frac{24}{25}$$

b. $\sin x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}, \cos x = \frac{\sqrt{13}}{4}$.

$$\tan x = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} = \frac{\sqrt{3}/4}{\sqrt{13}/4} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{13}} = \frac{\sqrt{39}}{13}$$

$$\cot x = \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} = \frac{\sqrt{13}/4}{\sqrt{3}/4} = \frac{\sqrt{13}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{39}}{3}$$

$$\sec x = \frac{1}{\cos x} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{13}} = \frac{4\sqrt{13}}{13}$$

$$\csc x = \frac{1}{\sin x} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

2. Use the **Pythagorean** trig identities to find indicated values.

a. $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{3}, \cos \theta =$

$$\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^2 + \cos^2 \theta = 1$$

$$\cos^2 \theta = 1 - \frac{1}{9}$$

$$\cos \theta = \sqrt{\frac{8}{9}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$$

b. $\sec \theta = 4, \tan \theta =$

$$1 + \tan^2 \theta = \sec^2 \theta$$

$$1 + \tan^2 \theta = 4^2$$

$$\tan^2 \theta = 16 - 1$$

$$\tan \theta = \sqrt{15}$$

$$c. \cot \theta = \frac{\sqrt{55}}{3}. \quad \csc \theta =$$

$$1 + \cot^2 \theta = \csc^2 \theta$$

$$1 + \left(\frac{\sqrt{55}}{3}\right)^2 = \csc^2 \theta$$

$$1 + \frac{55}{9} = \csc^2 \theta \Rightarrow \csc \theta = \sqrt{\frac{64}{9}} = \frac{8}{3}$$

3. Use trig identities to find the rest of trigonometric functions given

a) $\cos \alpha = \frac{2}{5}$.

1) $\sec \alpha = \frac{1}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{5}{2}$

2) $\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^2 = 1$$

$$\sin \alpha = \sqrt{1 - \frac{4}{25}}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{21}}{5}$$

3) $1 + \tan^2 \alpha = \sec^2 \alpha$

$$1 + \tan^2 \alpha = \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^2$$

$$\tan^2 \alpha = \frac{25}{4} - 1$$

$$\tan^2 \alpha = \frac{21}{4}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{21}}{2}$$

4) $\cot \alpha = \frac{1}{\tan \alpha}$

$$\cot \alpha = \frac{2}{\frac{\sqrt{21}}{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{21}}{21}$$

5) $\csc \alpha = \frac{1}{\sin \alpha}$

$$\csc \alpha = \frac{5}{\frac{\sqrt{21}}{5}} = \frac{5\sqrt{21}}{21}$$

b) $\cot \beta = 8$

1) $\tan \beta = \frac{1}{\cot \beta} = \frac{1}{8}$

2) $1 + \cot^2 \beta = \csc^2 \beta$
 $1 + (8)^2 = \csc^2 \beta$
 $1 + 64 = \csc^2 \beta$
 $\csc \beta = \sqrt{65}$

3) $\sin \beta = \frac{1}{\csc \beta}$
 $\sin \beta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{65}} = \frac{\sqrt{65}}{65}$

c) $\csc \theta = \frac{7}{3}$

1) $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{\csc \theta} = \frac{3}{7}$

2) $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$
 $\left(\frac{3}{7}\right)^2 + \cos^2 \theta = 1$
 $\cos^2 \theta = 1 - \frac{9}{49}$
 $\cos \theta = \sqrt{\frac{40}{49}}$
 $\cot \theta = \frac{2\sqrt{10}}{7}$

4) $\sin^2 \beta + \cos^2 \beta = 1$
 $\left(\frac{\sqrt{65}}{65}\right)^2 + \cos^2 \beta = 1$

$$\cos \beta = \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{65}} = \sqrt{\frac{64}{65}}$$
$$\cos \beta = \frac{8}{\sqrt{65}} = \frac{8\sqrt{65}}{65}$$

5) $\sec \beta = \frac{1}{\cos \beta}$
 $\sec \beta = \frac{65}{8\sqrt{65}} = \frac{\sqrt{65}}{8}$

3) $\sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta} = \frac{7}{2\sqrt{10}} = \frac{2\sqrt{10}}{20}$

4) $\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{\frac{3}{7}}{\frac{2\sqrt{10}}{7}} = \frac{3}{2\sqrt{10}}$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{2\sqrt{10}}{20}$$

5) $\cot \theta = \frac{1}{\tan \theta} = \frac{20}{2\sqrt{10}} = \frac{20\sqrt{10}}{30}$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{2\sqrt{10}}{3}$$