



Custom Data Maps

IT 7113 Data Visualization

<http://idi.kennesaw.edu/it7113/>

J.G. Zheng

Fall 2023

Overview



We will introduce three types of custom maps.

1. Custom geo map
2. Custom contextual map
3. Tile grid map

1. Custom Geo Map

Built-in geo location data types in Tableau - see more info at https://help.tableau.com/current/pro/desktop/en-us/maps_data.htm

None
Airport
Area Code (U.S.)
CBSA/MSA (U.S.)
City
Congressional District (U.S.)
Country/Region
County
NUTS Europe
State/Province
ZIP Code/Postcode

- Standard (default) geo map
 - Use of GIS software or capabilities
 - Common geo location data can be recognized by the software without special settings: city, state, zip, country, etc.
 - A geo location related field needs to be set as a geolocation data type
 - Standard geo areas can be grouped as a derived geo location area
- Custom geo maps include:
 - *Non-standard geo areas* that are not recognized and handled directly (lakes, nature preserves, parking space, etc.)
 - *Custom geo areas* for specific or temporary situations or events, such as natural phenomenon (rain, fire, flood, etc.), war, etc.
 - *Non-standard geo locations* that are not or difficult to be associated with a precise commonly identifiable name (building, rural place, river location, highway segment, etc.)
 - *Detailed geo locations* that are not automatically recognized by the GIS software and need some special settings. For example, Tableau cannot deal with address/street level of details directly, see <https://kb.tableau.com/articles/howto/address-level-mapping>.

Custom Geo Map Techniques



- Custom geo encoding
 - A user provides point-based or polygon-based geo coordinates from a separate source
 - Still use the software provided geo base map as background
- Static geo image
 - use of a static geo spatial image as background (not software provided)
 - provide custom geo or x/y coordinates
- See examples at <https://public.tableau.com/app/profile/jack.zheng/viz/KSUparking/PointsonGeoMap>

Custom Geo Encoding



- Where to get geo coordinates of specific locations?
 - <https://cbistudio.interworks.com> (recommended) - learn to use tool <https://interworks.com/blog/2022/01/24/introducing-cbi-studio-from-interworks/>
 - Geo encoding services, such as Google Geo API, <https://www.findlatitudeandlongitude.com/batch-geocode/>
- How to provide custom geo coordinates in Tableau - two ways
 - **Data blend** (see examples and next a few slides):
 - Provide with your data source directly in one table or blend from two tables
 - Custom geocoding source (not covered in this class)
 - Importing separately https://help.tableau.com/current/pro/desktop/en-us/custom_geocoding.htm
 - Use spatial file (Shapefile) as data source https://help.tableau.com/current/pro/desktop/en-us/maps_shapefiles.htm
 - Refer to https://help.tableau.com/current/pro/desktop/en-us/maps_customgeocode_datablend.htm

Point Based Geo Encoding



- Point based

shapeld	shapeLabel	longitude	latitude	peak rate	parking type
0	Lot A	-84.51876092	33.939726	95%	faculty
1	Lot B	-84.51817083	33.94019775	90%	student
2	Lot C	-84.52028441	33.94132815	77%	guest
3	Lot D	-84.51837468	33.94131035	90%	faculty

Set each location (point) with a pair of longitude and latitude coordinates.



Points (shapes in the table) are mapped on the map.

Data Blend/Join for Points



- For a point-based map, data measures may be put in the same one table, or create a one-to-one relationship between two tables
- One table – see previous slide

shapeld	shapeLabel	longitude	latitude	peak rate	parking type
0	Lot A	-84.51876092	33.939726	95%	faculty
1	Lot B	-84.51817083	33.94019775	90%	student
2	Lot C	-84.52028441	33.94132815	77%	guest

- Two tables
 - One table just for geo location data; one table for measure data; then one-to-one relationship between the two tables.
 - Refer to https://help.tableau.com/current/pro/desktop/en-us/maps_customgeocode_ex_datablend.htm

	A	B	C
1	Name	Estimated Seats	Street Address
2	La Scala	3,000	Via Filodrammatici, 2 20121 Milan, Italy
3	Teatro di San Carlo	1,397	Via San Carlo, 98 80132 Naples, Italy
4	Teatro Colon	2,500	Cerrito 628 Buenos Aires
5	The Royal Opera House	2,256	Ciudad Autónoma de Buenos Aires
6	The Bolshoi	2,300	Bow St London WC2E 9DD

	A	B	C	D
1	Street Address	latitude	longitude	
2	Via Filodrammatici, 2 20121 Milan, Italy	45.46731	9.18837	
3	Via San Carlo, 98 80132 Naples, Italy	40.83832	14.2417	
4	Cerrito 628 Buenos Aires	-34.6011	-58.3824	
5	Ciudad Autónoma de Buenos Aires			
6	Bow St London WC2E 9DD	51.5137	-0.12284	
7	Theatre Square, 1 Moscow 125009	55.76016	37.61845	

Table join based on the street address column.

Area/Polygon Based Geo Encoding



- Drawing custom polygons

Areas (shapes with multiple points in the table) are mapped as polygons on the map.

shapeId	shapeLabel	pointId	longitude	latitude
0	Lot A	0	-84.51796698	33.9409383
0	Lot A	1	-84.51868582	33.94054667
0	Lot A	2	-84.5181601	33.93979899
0	Lot A	3	-84.51724815	33.9398702
0	Lot A	4	-84.51709795	33.94071578
1	Lot B	0	-84.5201664	33.94186398
1	Lot B	1	-84.52133584	33.94173047
1	Lot B	2	-84.52119636	33.94110742
1	Lot B	3	-84.51985526	33.94130323
2	Lot C	0	-84.52347088	33.93755593
2	Lot C	1	-84.52350306	33.93663021
2	Lot C	2	-84.52244091	33.93663021
2	Lot C	3	-84.52264476	33.93752033

Set each location area (shape) with a set of points (starting from 0); each point has a pair of longitude and latitude coordinates. The software will connect these points by order to form a area/polygon.



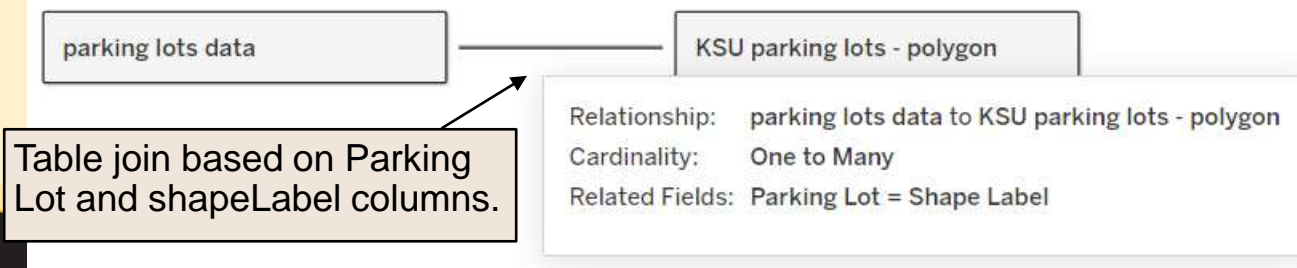
Data Blend/Join for Areas



- For polygon-based map, blend or join two tables
 - one table just for geo location point/polygon data
 - one table for measure data
 - then one-to-many relationship between the two tables.

Parking Lot	peak rate	parking type
Lot A	95%	faculty
Lot B	90%	student
Lot C	77%	guest

shapeld	shapeLabel	pointId	longitude	latitude
0	Lot A	0	-84.51796698	33.9409383
0	Lot A	1	-84.51868582	33.94054667
0	Lot A	2	-84.5181601	33.93979899
0	Lot A	3	-84.51724815	33.9398702
0	Lot A	4	-84.51709795	33.94071578
1	Lot B	0	-84.5201664	33.94186398
1	Lot B	1	-84.52133584	33.94173047
1	Lot B	2	-84.52119636	33.94110742
1	Lot B	3	-84.51985526	33.94130323
2	Lot C	0	-84.52347088	33.93755593
2	Lot C	1	-84.52350306	33.93663021
2	Lot C	2	-84.52244091	33.93663021
2	Lot C	3	-84.52264476	33.93752033



Static Geo Image



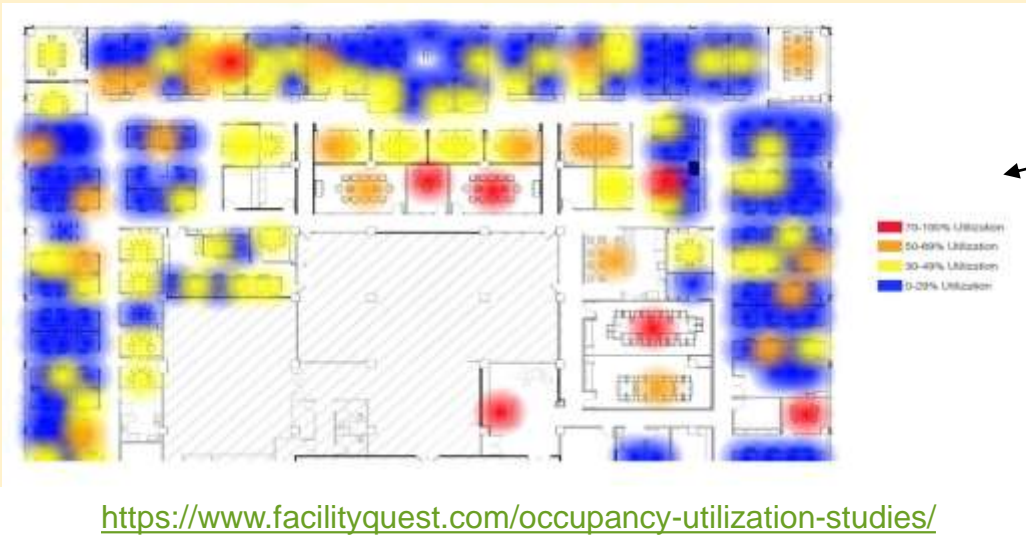
- Static geo image is just one image of a geo region, without capability of zooming and panning, and all kinds of map layers.
- The image is placed as the background image of the map.
- Then, points and polygons can be placed on the image, just like geo maps.
- There are two ways of setting position coordinates
 1. Relative geo codes – refer to https://help.tableau.com/current/pro/desktop/en-us/bkimages_maps.htm (recommend the second option using <https://www.openstreetmap.org>)
 2. Custom X/Y coordinates (similar as context map in the next section) – refer to https://help.tableau.com/current/pro/desktop/en-us/bkimages_coordinates.htm
- The process of setting the data source (either as points or areas) is the same as the previous methods (slide 6 and 7)

2. Contextual Map



- Contextual maps do not use geo location data and the area is smaller or confined in a specific place.
- The context is closely associated with a particular type of place or activity
- Examples of local contextual spaces
 - Space/seating utilization
 - Building, mall, park, stadium
(<https://public.tableau.com/profile/stanke#!/vizhome/HackyourMNTwinsTickets/TicketHack>), hospital, classroom, airplane, parking
 - Playing court/field
 - Especially used in sports, like tennis, basketball, soccer, etc.
 - https://www.espn.com/nba/story/_/id/27587041/the-absolute-best-shooters-nba-decade
 - Space or layout of smaller objects like keyboards, screens, etc.
 - Open air space

Contextual Data Maps used in Space Management



Room/space utilization – using color (heat map) for coding utilization rate. Commonly used by campus, office building, mall, hospital etc.,

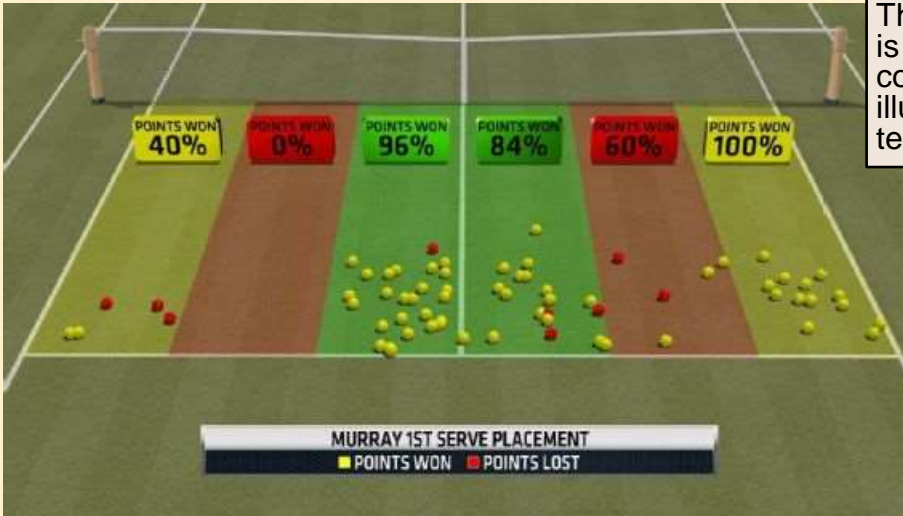


<https://betterwith.office.com/OKViz-plot-your-data-on-any-image-with-SynopticPanel>

<https://synoptic.design>

Seating management and insights – commonly used for airlines, theaters, stadiums, and other events.

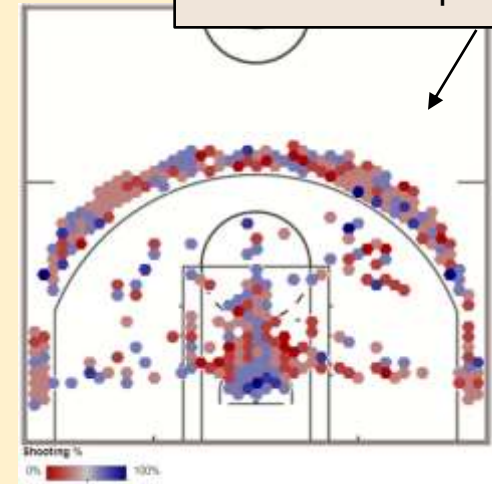
Contextual Data Maps used in Sports



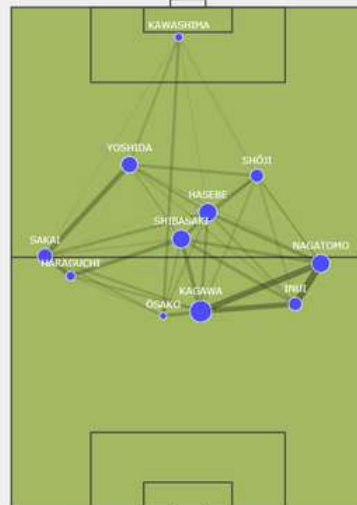
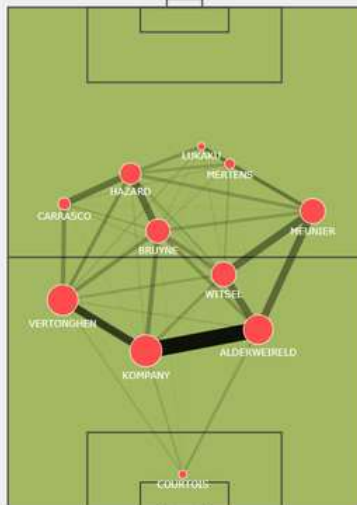
This base map looks real, but it is computer generated tennis court – still considered to be illustrational. But it can be real tennis court based.

https://www.espn.com/tennis/story/_/id/16954858/how-andy-murray-took-milos-raonic-become-wimbledon-champion

This is a typical illustrational diagram of basketball half court used as the base map.



<https://public.tableau.com/en-us/s/gallery/seasons-nba-shots>



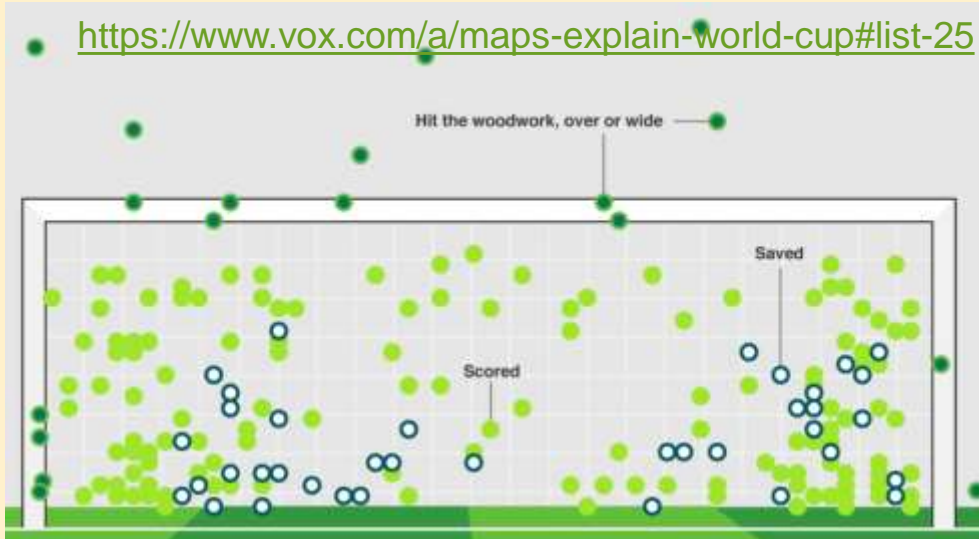
<https://www.informationisbeautifulawards.com/showcase/4115-2018-fifa-world-cup-match-explorer>

Open Space in the Air



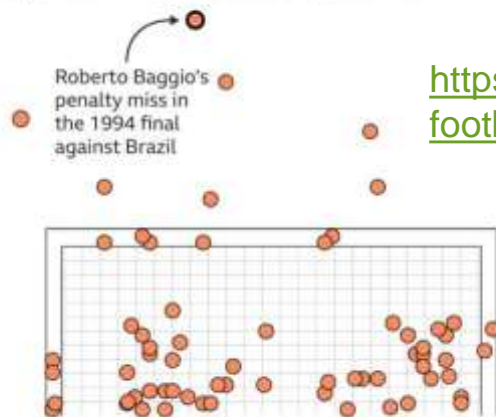
- The “background” is open air (or space that is relative to some kind of reference, such as player standing position, height, etc.)

<https://www.vox.com/a/maps-explain-world-cup#list-25>

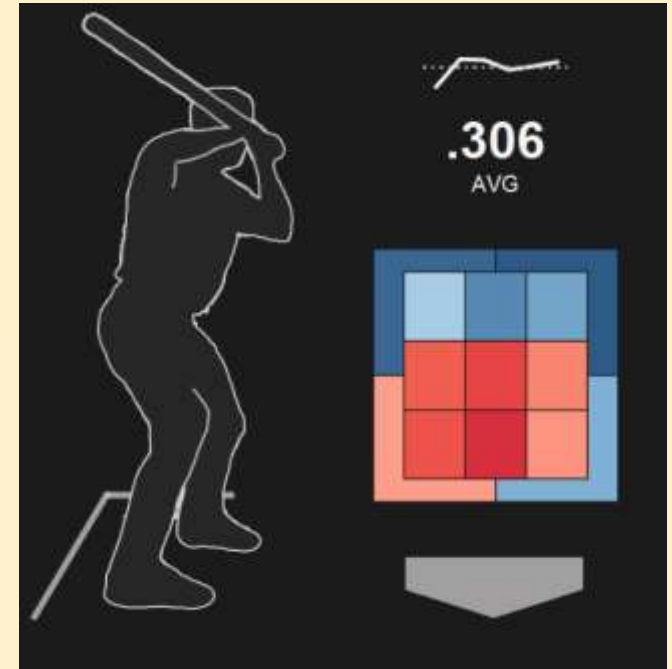


Where penalties are saved

World Cup shootout misses and saves, 1982-2014



<https://www.bbc.com/sport/football/44641247>

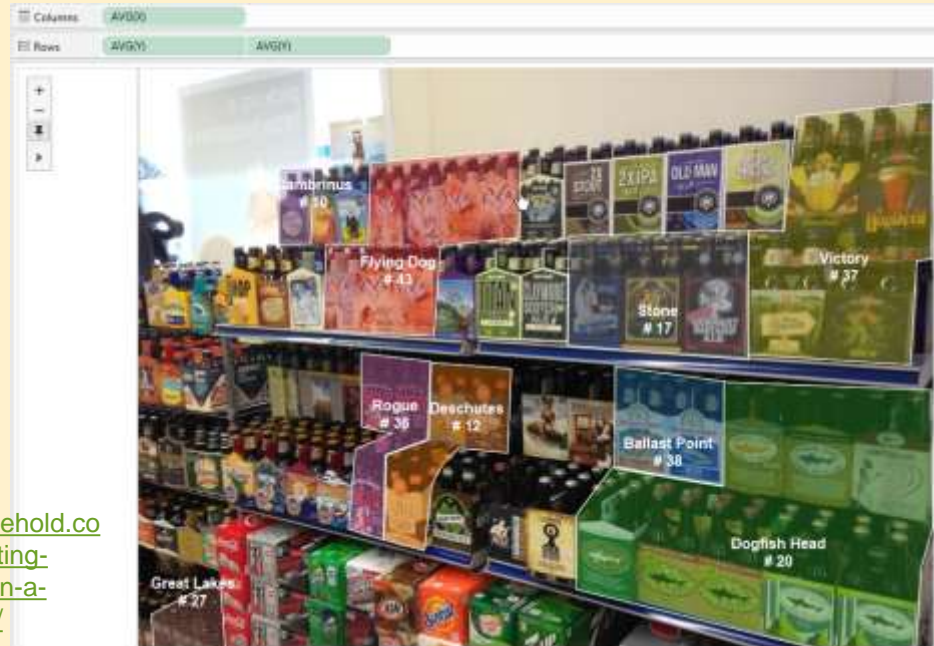


<http://public.tableau.com/profile/datavizard#!/vizhome/MLBBatterHotColdZones/BatterHotCold>

Contextual Maps used in Other Places



<https://www.patrick-wied.at/projects/heatmap-keyboard/>



<https://tableauandbehold.com/2015/04/13/creating-custom-polygons-on-a-background-image/>

Contextual base maps



- Contextual base maps can have two styles
 - more realistic, based on actual photo or image
 - abstract diagrams (illustrational map)

Photos and Image as Contextual Base Maps

- Real world imaging/photo, or even sight



This parking lot base map is from satellite image.

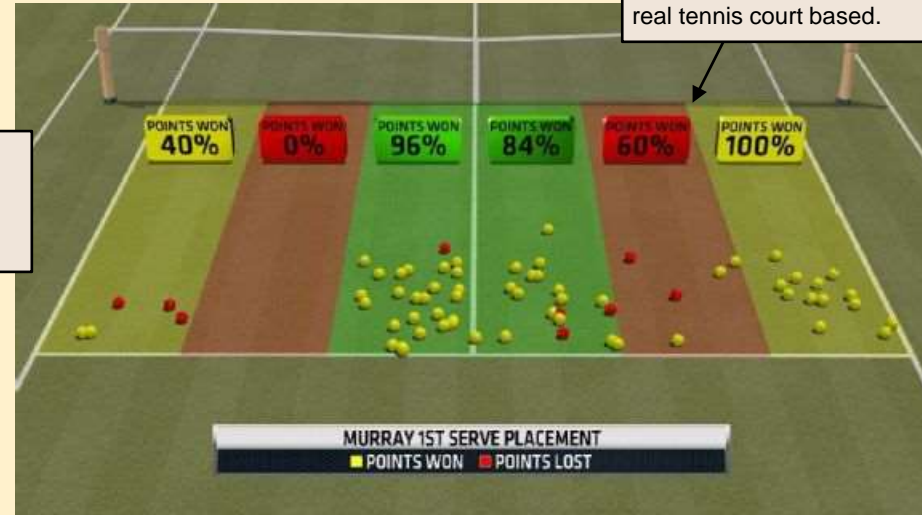
<https://www.esri.com/about/newsroom/publications/wherextext/nexttech-ai-and-location-intelligence-in-business/>



<https://www.patrick-wied.at/projects/heatmap-keyboard/>

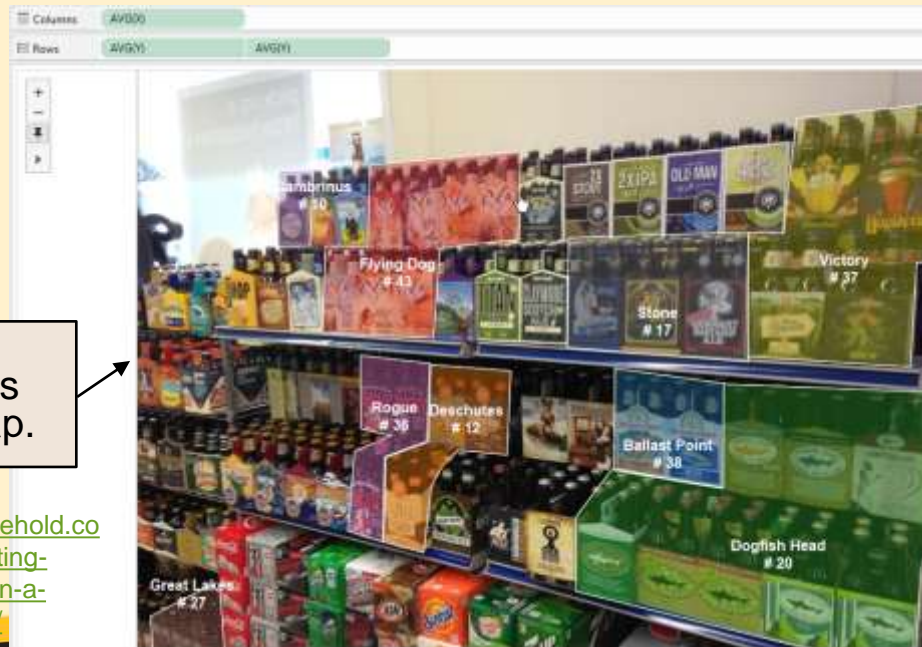
A photo of a store shelf as the base map.

<https://tableauandbehold.com/2015/04/13/creating-custom-polygons-on-a-background-image/>



This base map looks real, but it is computer generated tennis court – still considered to be illustrational. But it can be real tennis court based.

https://www.espn.com/tennis/story/_/id/16954858/how-andy-murray-took-milos-raonic-become-wimbledon-champion

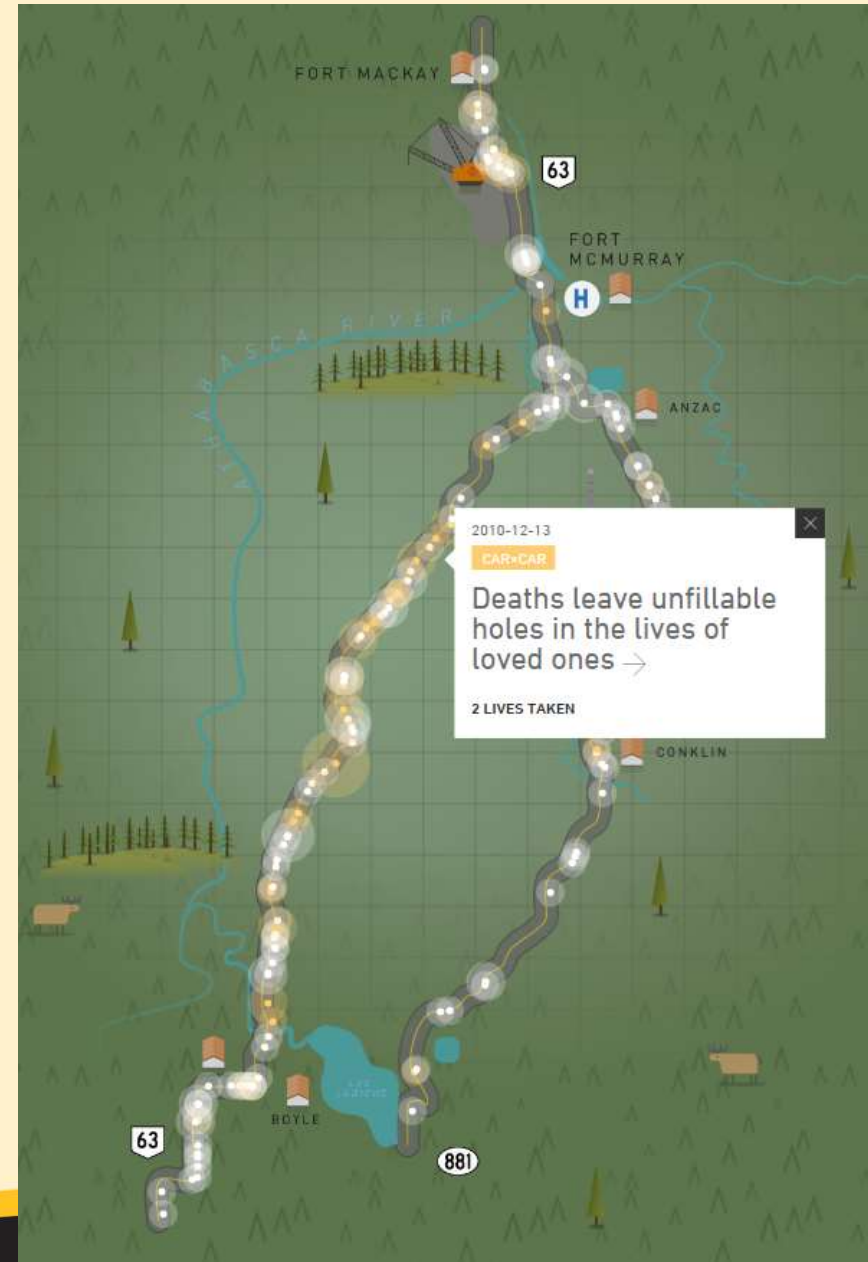


Illustrational Diagram or Map

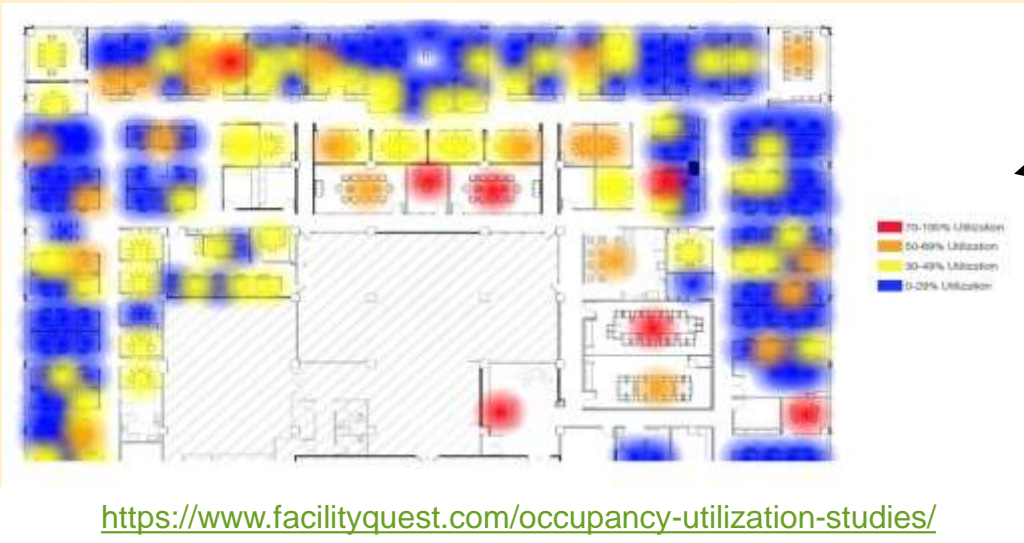


- Illustrational maps simplify map details, and use symbols to represent map objects
 - the goal is to illustrate relative positioning rather than accuracy.
- In this example, the real-world roads are not displayed based on geo maps and coordinates, but rather as a representative illustration

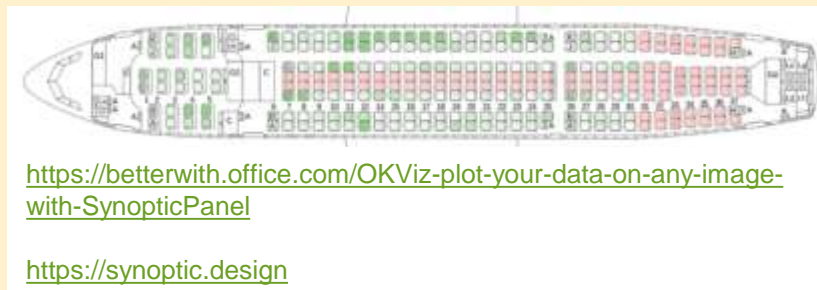
<http://fatalities.safer63and881.com/#highway>



Illustrational Base Map/Diagram



This is a typical illustrational diagram of floor plan used as the base map.



This is a typical illustrational diagram of seat plan used as the base map.

Build Custom Contextual Map



- We can use the same technique as the static geo image solution, but with custom X/Y coordinates
 - Use a static background image
<https://help.tableau.com/current/pro/desktop/en-us/bkimages.htm>
 - Find Background Image Coordinates
https://help.tableau.com/current/pro/desktop/en-us/bkimages_coordinates.htm
- Use a tool for finding coordinates!!
 - <https://cbistudio.interworks.com>
 - Learn to use tool
<https://interworks.com/blog/2022/01/24/introducing-cbi-studio-from-interworks/>
- Example
 - https://public.tableau.com/app/profile/jack.zheng/viz/tennis_16968525406280/ServeLandingPoints

3. Tile Grid Map

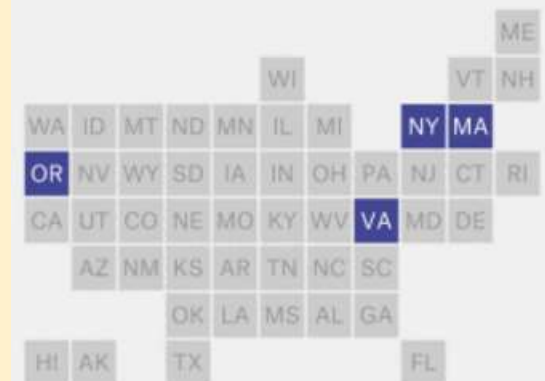


- Tile grid maps abstractly use simplified symbols (tiles) to represent geo regions
 - just like geo charts, but even more abstract and less accurate.
 - Purely representational, least accurate
- Common use cases
 - Eliminate the Alaska effect on US maps
 - Places are of irregular shape and different sizes
 - Provide a more modern look
- Not ideal when
 - Geographical precision is important

Key readings about tiled grid map:

- <http://blog.apps.npr.org/2015/05/11/hex-tile-maps.html>
- <https://www.forumone.com/insights/blog/good-data-visualization-practice-tile-grid-maps-0/>

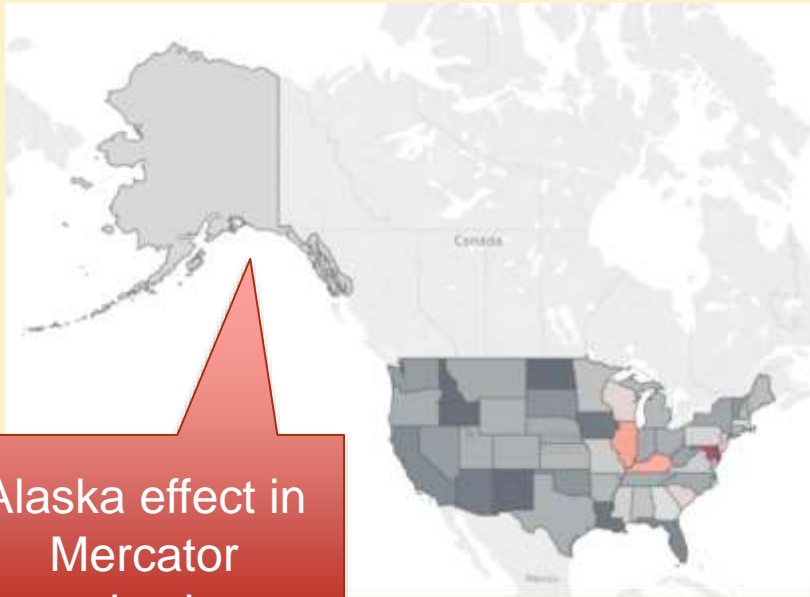
Income taxes make up more than 50% of tax revenue



<https://fivethirtyeight.com/features/where-your-state-gets-its-money/>

Why Tiles?

- Map project distortion
 - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Map_projection
 - <https://observablehq.com/collection/@d3/d3-geo-projection>
- Tiny states are hard to be visualized



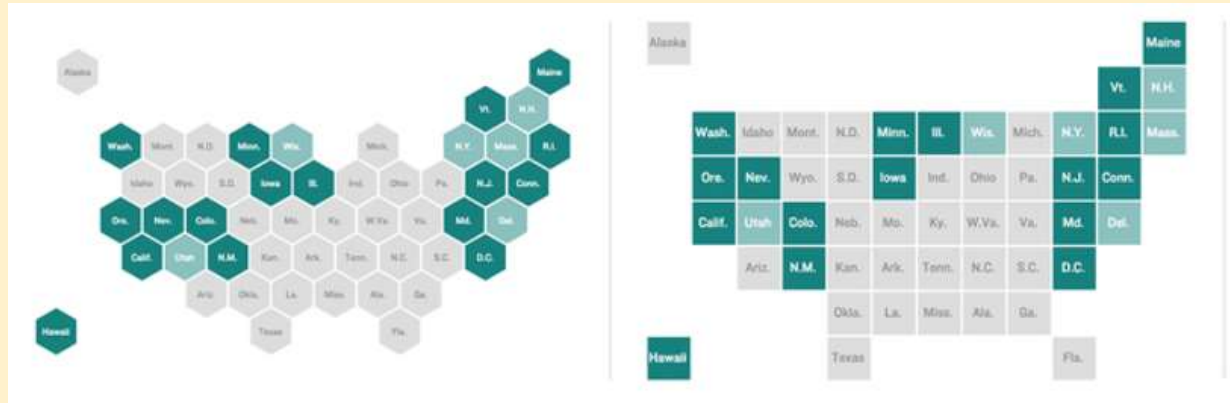
Alaska effect in
Mercator
projection

States are now
represented in
shapes with
equal sizes



<https://www.tableau.com/about/blog/2017/1/viz-whiz-hex-tile-maps-64713>

Tile Grid Map Variations



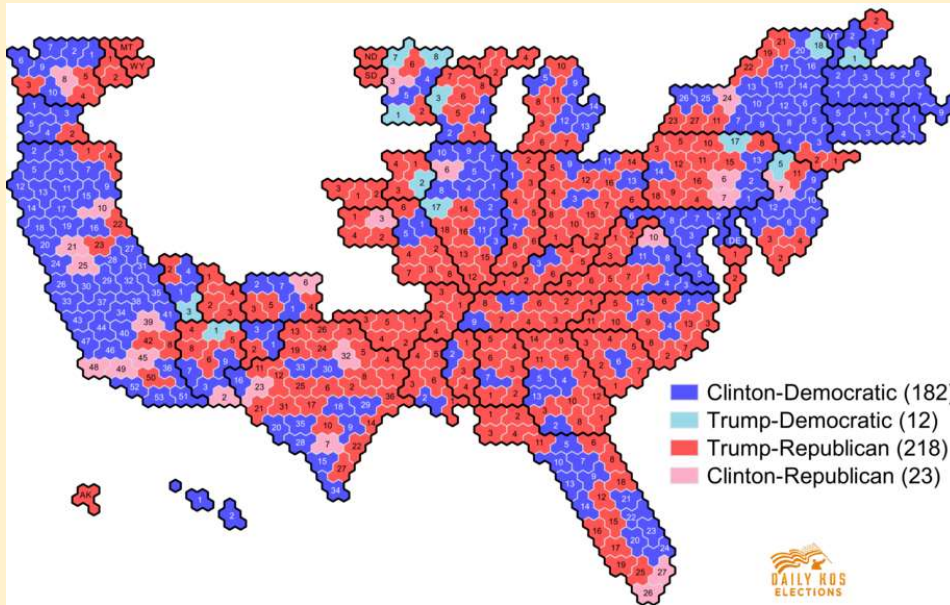
<http://blog.apps.npr.org/2015/05/11/hex-tile-maps.html>



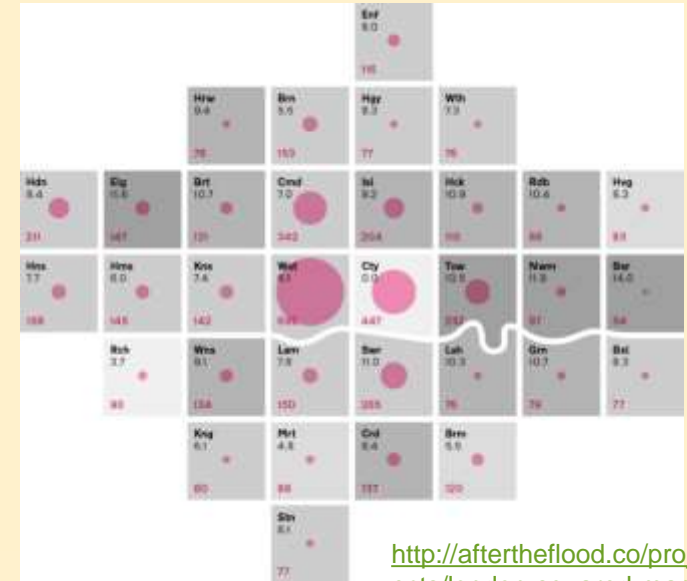
<https://public.tableau.com/app/profile/datavizard/viz/EnergyinAmerica/Energy>

<http://bfongdata.blogspot.com/2015/11/periodic-table-map.html>

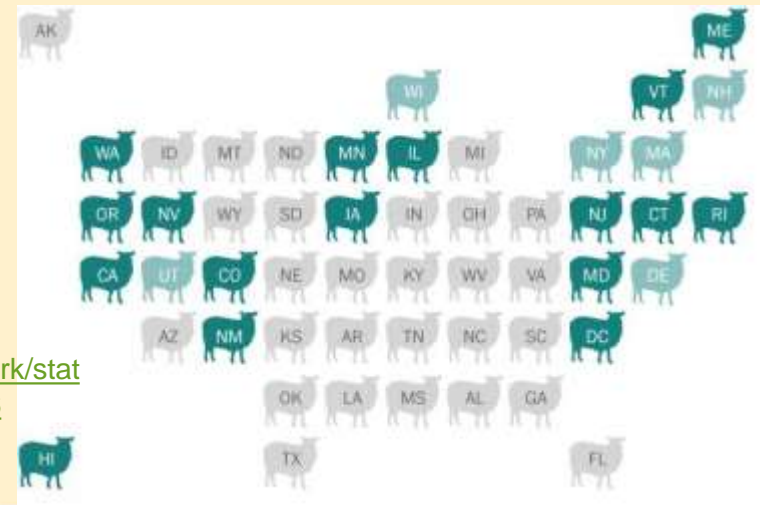
Tile Grid Map Variations



<https://www.dailykos.com/stories/2013/7/9/1220127-Daily-Kos-Elections-2012-election-results-by-congressional-and-legislative-districts>



<http://aftertheflood.co/projects/london-squared-map>

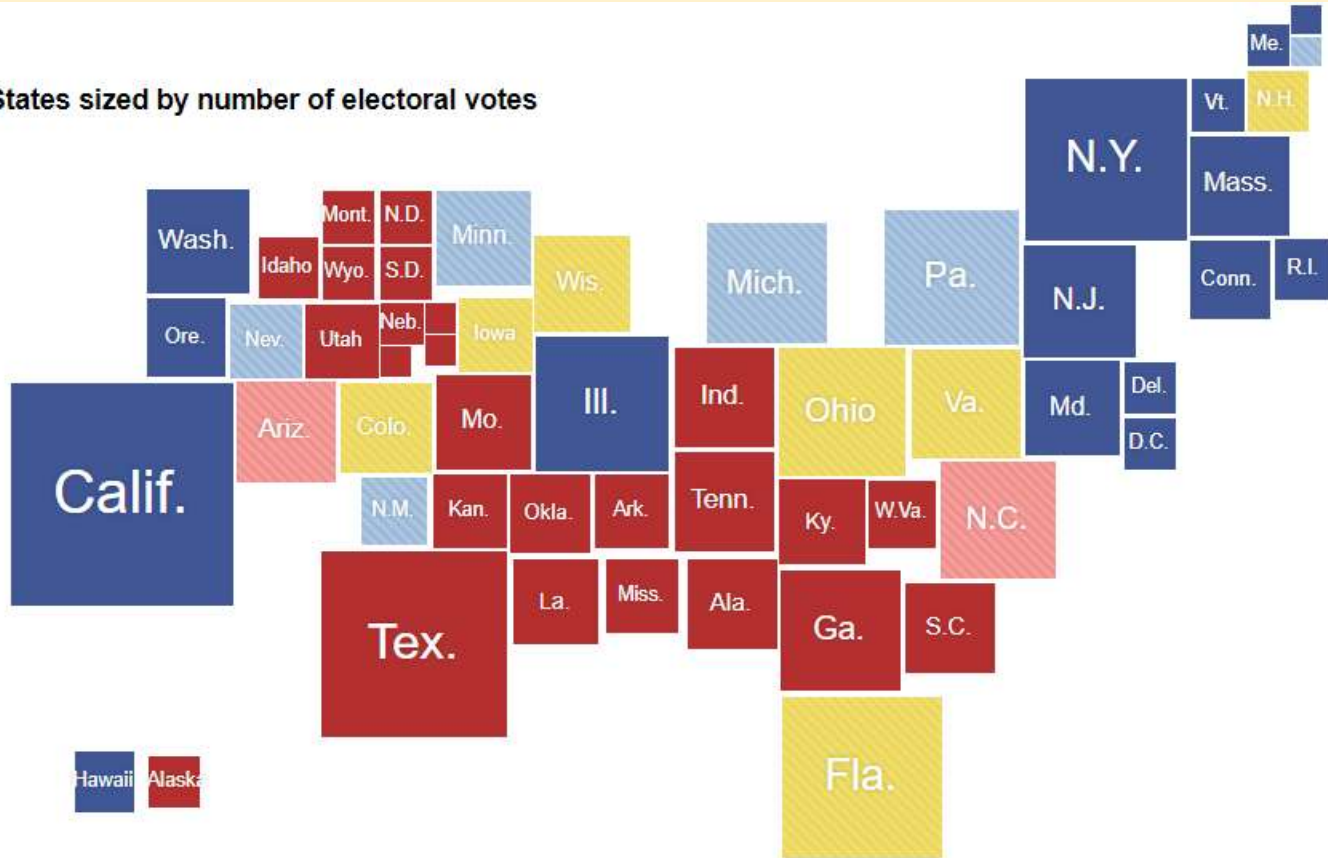


<https://twitter.com/katiepark/status/598139293509492736>

Tiled Cartogram



States sized by number of electoral votes



Maine and Nebraska give two electoral votes to the statewide winner and allocate the rest by congressional district.

Geographic View



<https://www.nytimes.com/elections/2012/ratings/electoral-map.html>

Basic Technique

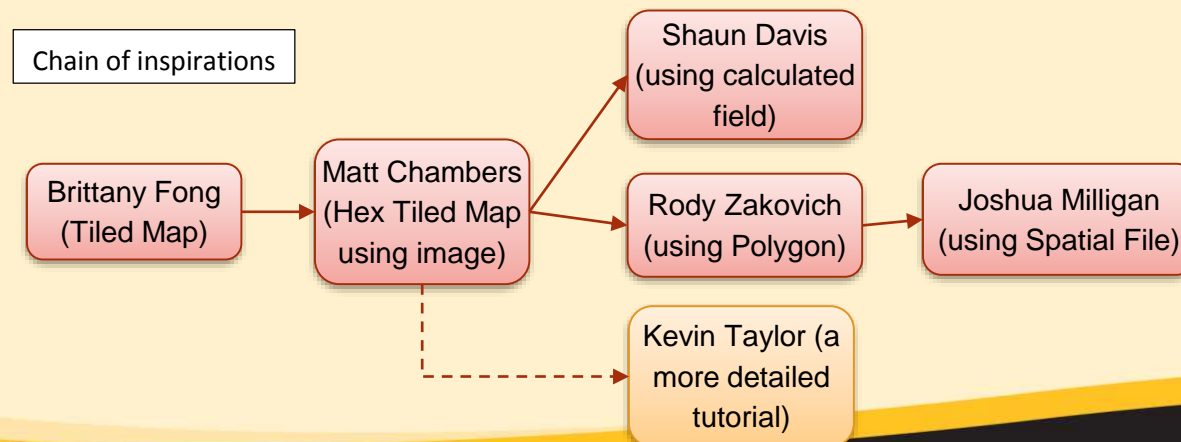


- Creating a tile grid map is similar to scattered plot
 - Determine the grid size (rows and columns); use X/Y axes to set the grid.
 - Use dots in the grid to represent a region; arrange dots with specific location (row/column) in the grid.
 - Present the dots as a consistent/uniform shape.
 - Associate measures to dots - encoded using color/value or other visual properties.
- Refer to <https://www.tableau.com/blog/viz-whiz-hex-tile-maps-64713> by Kevin Taylor
- See examples at https://public.tableau.com/app/profile/jack.zheng/viz/tilegridmap_16968521771450/SuperStore

More Techniques



- Using built-in shape
 - Brittany Fong <http://bfongdata.blogspot.com/2015/11/periodic-table-map.html> or <https://www.tableau.com/blog/how-make-tile-grid-maps-tableau>
- Using custom shape from an image
 - Matt Chambers <https://www.sirvizalot.com/2015/11/hex-tile-maps-in-tableau.html>
 - Kevin Taylor <https://www.tableau.com/blog/viz-whiz-hex-tile-maps-64713>
- Using polygon
 - Rody Zakovich <http://www.datatableauandme.com/2017/12/polygon-hex-map-in-tableau.html>
 - Note: polygons cannot display data values on the mark.
- Using spatial file (Shapefile)
 - Joshua Milligan <https://vizpainter.com/hex-map-spatial-file/> and a video by Anthony Smoak <https://anthonymsoak.com/2018/03/11/create-a-hex-map-in-tableau-the-easy-way/>
- Using calculated field without data blending
 - Shaun Davis <https://www.phdata.io/blog/create-a-hex-map-in-tableau-without-data-blending/>



Which style should I choose?



- Point or area?
- Realistic map image or representational diagram?
- Real geo/location area shape or uniform abstract shape?

Learning Resources



- Custom map
 - <https://www.superdatascience.com/blogs/art-using-tableau-custom-maps>
- Build custom contextual map in Tableau:
 - Use background image (base map) <https://help.tableau.com/current/pro/desktop/en-us/bkimages.htm>
 - Background Image Coordinates https://help.tableau.com/current/pro/desktop/en-us/bkimages_coordinates.htm
- CBI Studio <https://cbistudio.interworks.com>
 - Learn to use tool <https://interworks.com/blog/2022/01/24/introducing-cbi-studio-from-interworks/>
- Tile Grid Map:
 - Hexagons For Tile Grid Maps <http://blog.apps.npr.org/2015/05/11/hex-tile-maps.html>
 - Good Data Visualization Practice: Tile Grid Maps <https://forumone.com/ideas/good-data-visualization-practice-tile-grid-maps-0>
- Creating Tile Grid Map:
 - Brittany Fong <http://bfongdata.blogspot.com/2015/11/periodic-table-map.html> or <https://www.tableau.com/blog/how-make-tile-grid-maps-tableau>
 - Matt Chambers <https://www.sirvizalot.com/2015/11/hex-tile-maps-in-tableau.html>
 - Rody Zakovich <http://www.datatableauandme.com/2017/12/polygon-hex-map-in-tableau.html>
 - Joshua Milligan <https://vizpainter.com/hex-map-spatial-file/> and a video by Anthony Smoak <https://anthonymoak.com/2018/03/11/create-a-hex-map-in-tableau-the-easy-way/>
 - Without data blending: <https://www.phdata.io/blog/create-a-hex-map-in-tableau-without-data-blending/>